

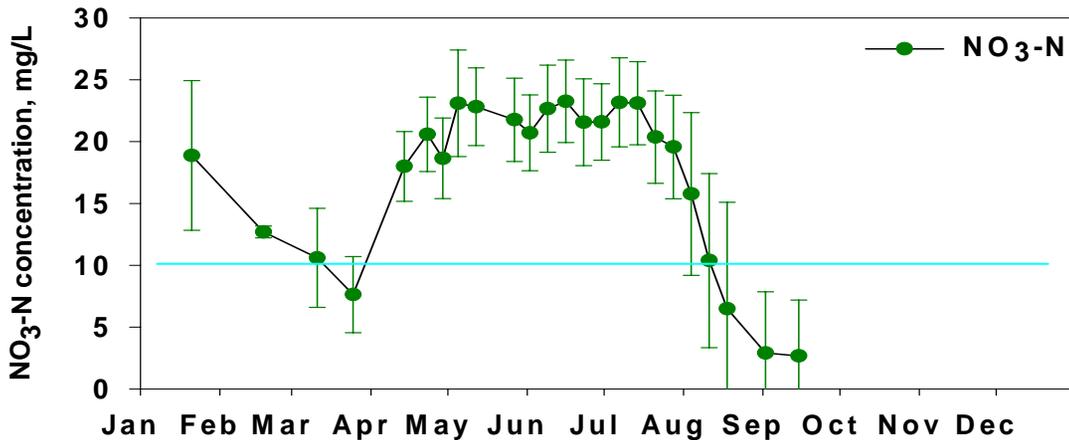
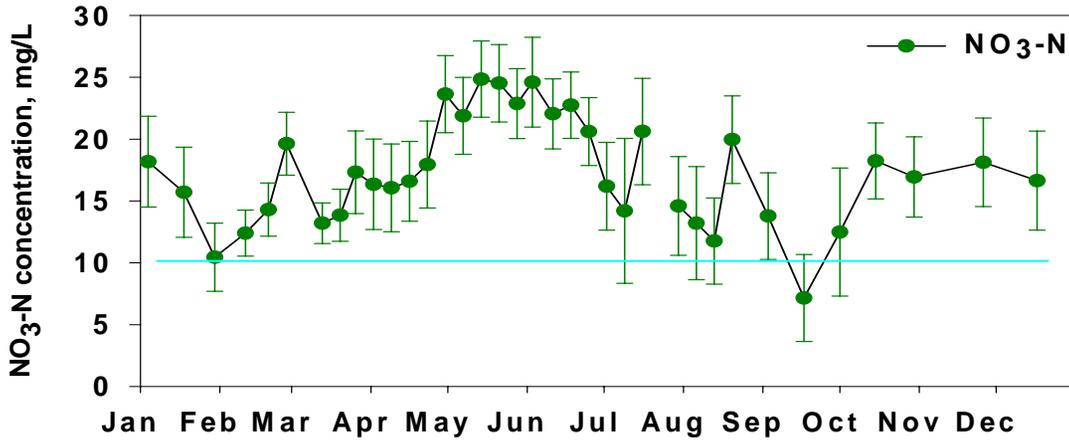
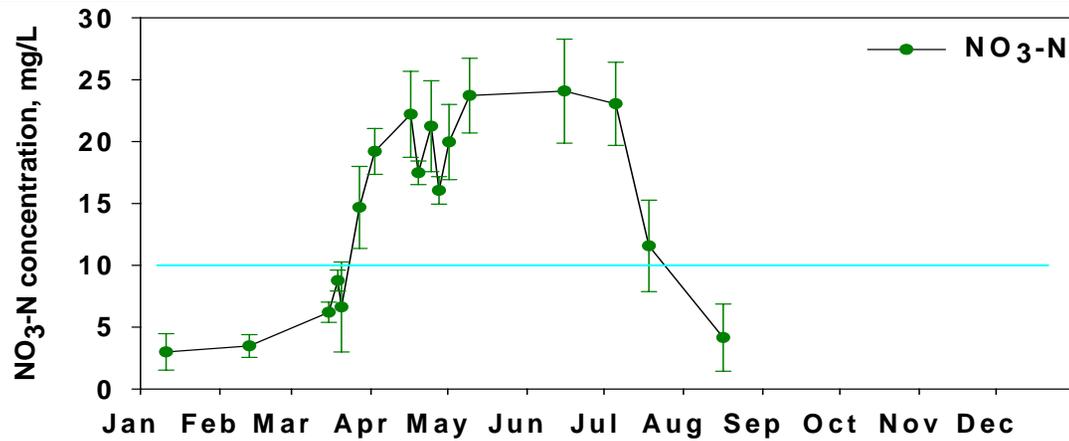
South Fork of the Iowa River Watershed: Status of CEAP Research

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Ames IA

Research objectives

1. Evaluate spatial and temporal patterns in water quality.
2. Assess current land use and conservation practices that are in place.
3. Develop planning tools that identify optimal locations to place specific conservation practices.
4. Encourage implementation of new conservation practices and identify their water quality impacts.
5. Calibrate/ test SWAT model

South Fork NO₃-N Concentrations

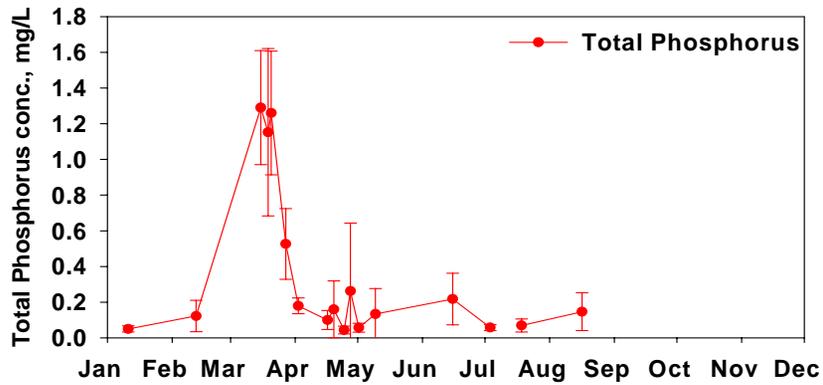


2002

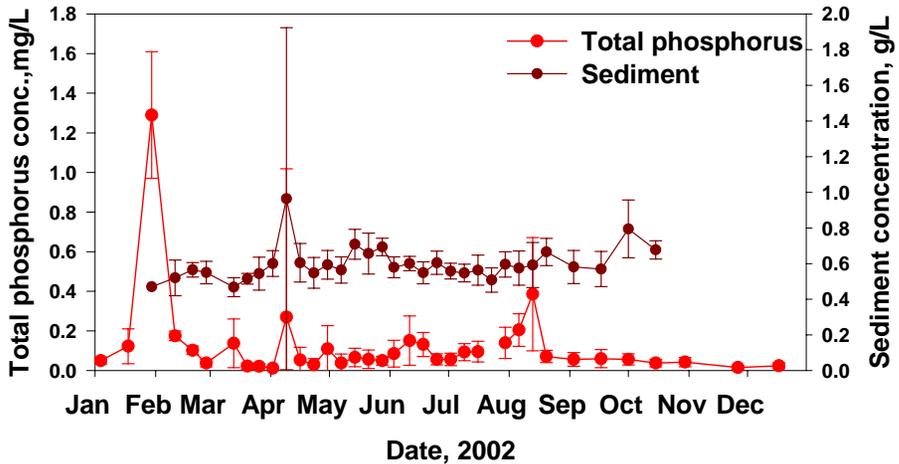
2003

Total phosphorus concentrations by date 2001-2003

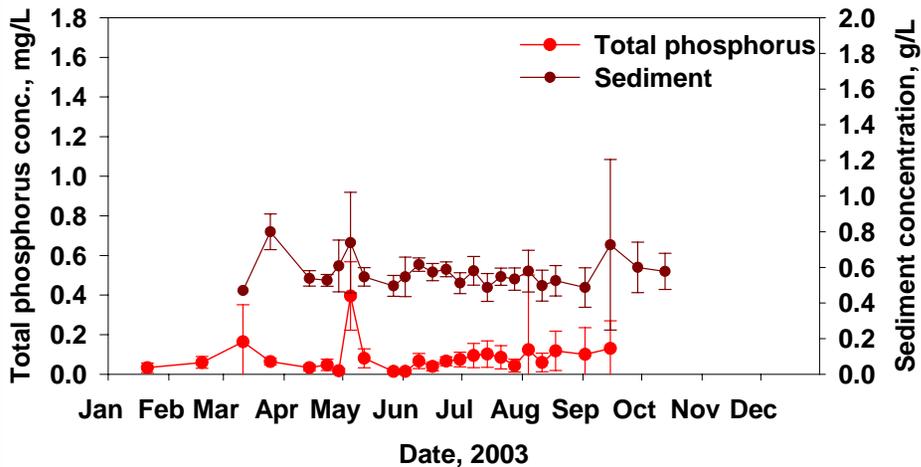
2001



2002

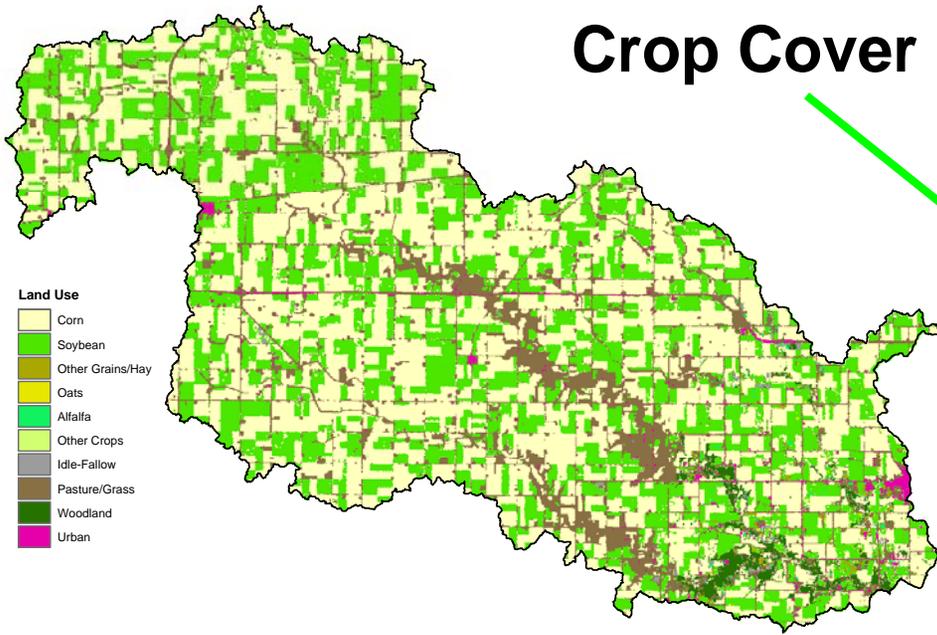


2003



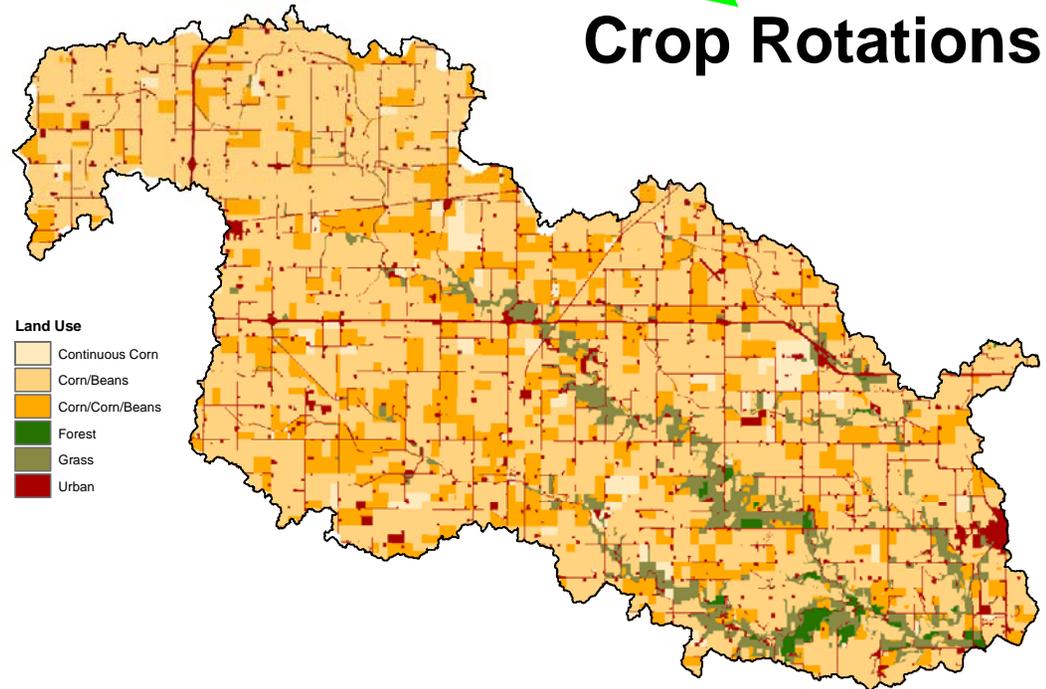
Obj. 1

Crop Cover

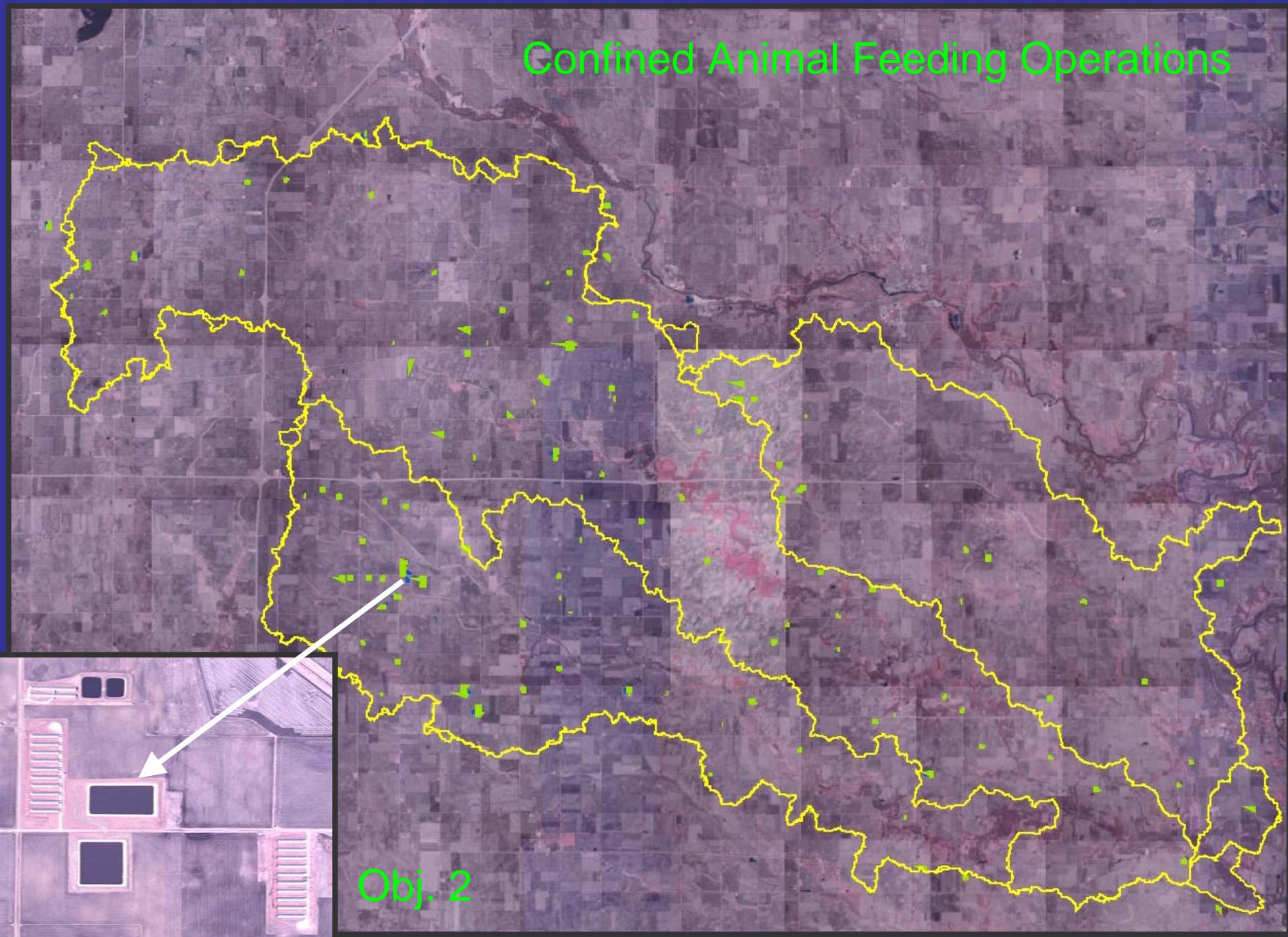


Multiple years of NASS data

Crop Rotations



Confined Animal Feeding Operations

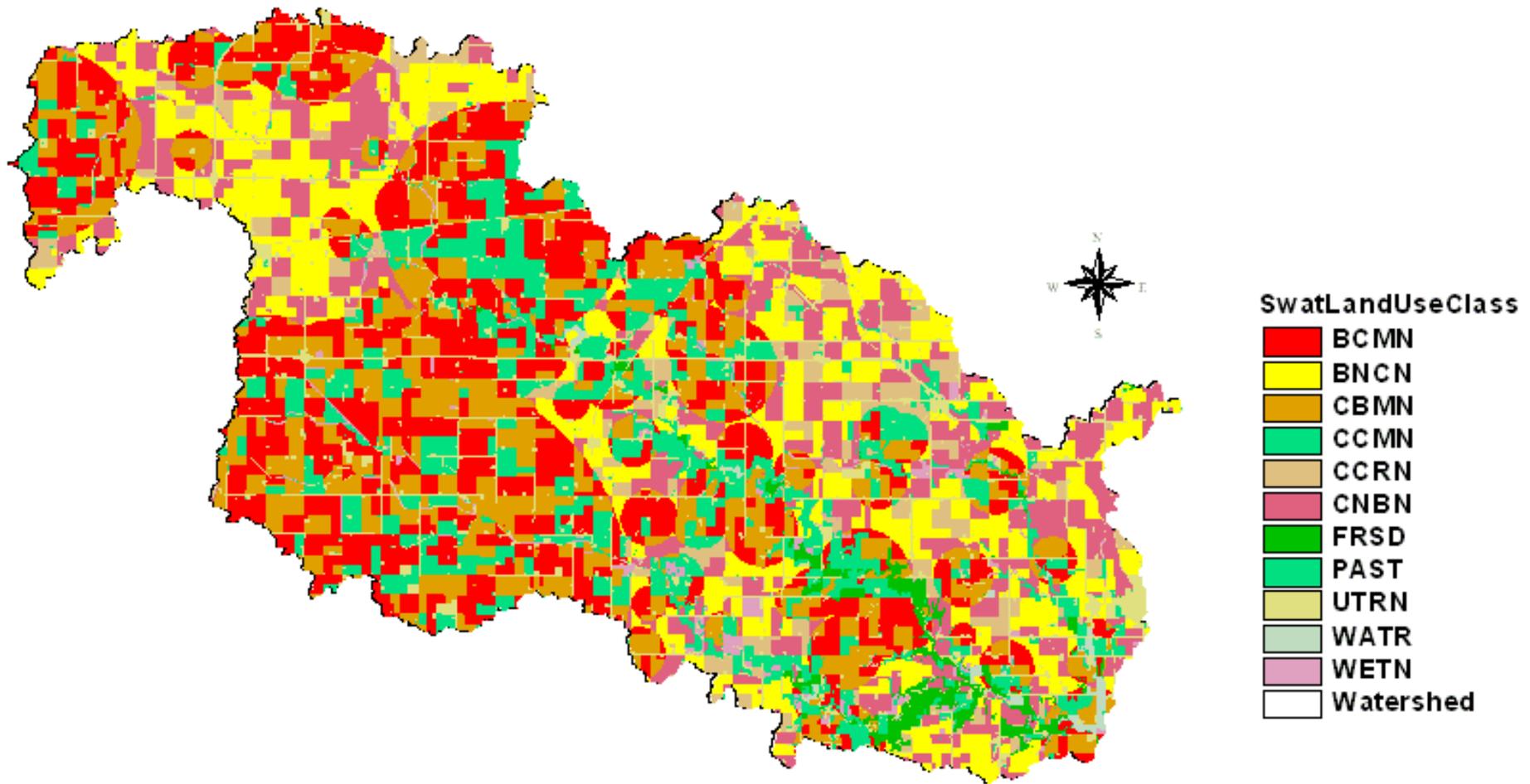


Obj. 2

Manure application and its distribution in the watershed



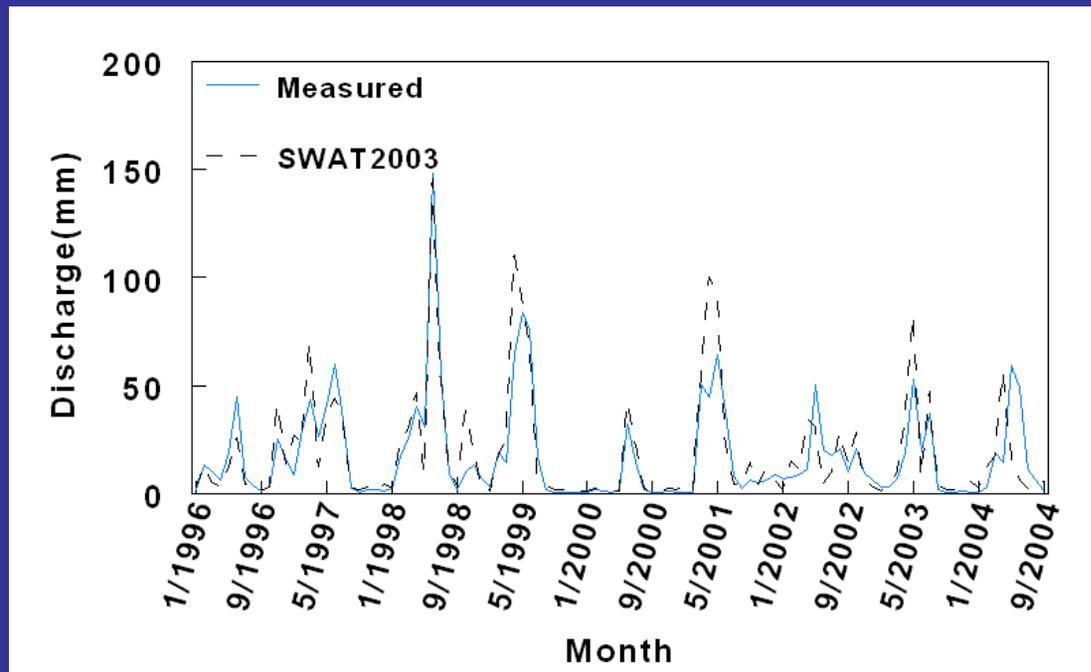
Crop Rotations and SWAT modeling



- Included 2-year crop rotations and hog manure application
- Utilized AVSWAT-X and its splitting and SSURGO extension tools

Hydrologic calibration of SWAT - completed!

- Completed annual, monthly, and daily discharge calibration and validation
- Completed tile flow calibration and validation
- Continuing work with pothole inclusion
- Performed parameter sensitivity analysis



An aerial photograph of a watershed, showing a grid of land parcels. A stream network is visible, with a prominent stream flowing from the top left towards the center. The stream is highlighted with a yellow outline. The surrounding land is mostly dark brown, indicating agricultural fields. There are several small clusters of buildings and structures scattered throughout the landscape. The text "Assessing conservation practices in a watershed" is overlaid in green at the top right.

Assessing conservation practices
in a watershed

NRCS to complete a field by
field inventory this year

Obj. 2

Optimal placement of conservation practices

Burkart, M.R., D.E. James, and M.D. Tomer. 2004. Hydrologic and terrain variables to aid strategic location of riparian buffers. *J. Soil & Water Conserv.* 59(5): 216-223.

Tomer, M.D., D.E. James, and T.I. Isenhardt. 2003. Optimizing the placement of riparian practices in a watershed using terrain analysis. *J. Soil Water Conserv.* 58(4):198-206

Tomer, M.D., and D.E. James. 2004. Do terrain analyses and soil survey identify similar priority sites for conservation? *Soil Sci. Soc. Am. J.* 68(6):1905-1915.

Encouraging new practices

- Partnering with Southfork Alliance and Iowa Soybean Association
- Seeking additional funds for EQIP through NRCS Special Projects
- Establishing new monitoring stations for a tile-drained sub-basin

